GLADDEN FARMS COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT

(A Component Unit of the Town of Marana, Arizona)

Annual Financial Report

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

> District Board: Ed Honea Jon Post Jackie Craig Patti Comerford Herb Kai John Officer Roxanne Ziegler

Prepared by Town of Marana Finance Department

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Town Council of Town of Marana

Gladden Farms Community Facilities District

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Gladden Farms Community Facilities District, Arizona (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of June 30, 2023 and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the other information included in the annual financial report but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Baker Tilly US, LLP

Tempe, Arizona December 13, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Gladden Farms Community Facilities District (District) we offer readers a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the District. The District is one of the Town of Marana, Arizona's component units for financial reporting purposes for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Formed in 2004, the District is a special purpose taxing district and separate political subdivision under Arizona statutes. As such, the District can levy taxes and issue bonds, independent of the Town of Marana, Arizona (Town). Property owners within the District boundaries pay for District infrastructure and functions through secondary property tax assessments. The Marana Town Council also serves as the District Board of Directors.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

For fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the District's:

- Tax collections were sufficient to pay debt service.
- Tax rate was \$2.80 per \$100 assessed valuation. The tax rate remained the same from the budgeted amount.
- Governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$1,759,943. Of this amount, \$1,034,805 was in the General Fund and \$725,138 was in the Debt Service Fund.
- Governmental fund revenues were greater than expenditures by \$186,519.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis introduces the District's basic financial statements. Because of its limited purpose, the District's basic financial statements are comprised of two components: 1) Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and 2) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Because the District has only one governmental program, the government-wide and fund financial statements are combined.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. The focus on net position is important because over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of how the financial position of the District may be changing. Increases may indicate an improved financial position. However, decreases in net position may not necessarily indicate the District's financial position is

deteriorating. As a result, other financial and non-financial indicators must also be considered to effectively assess the District's overall financial health.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. Since the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting are used for the government-wide financial statements, all changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and expenses related to accrued interest).

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like the Town, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the Debt Service funds are restricted as to use, and the General funds are unassigned.

The District maintains two governmental funds, general and debt service. Information is presented in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund.

The District adopts an annual budget for its General Fund and Debt Service Fund. Supplementary budgetary schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required supplementary information other than MD&A. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents as required supplementary information a comparison between budgeted and actual amounts within the General Fund.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, the liabilities exceeded its assets at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$9.1 million. The large negative net position balance results from the nature of the District's operations. The District's purpose is to acquire and improve public infrastructure in specified land areas. As a special purpose district and a separate political subdivision under the Arizona Constitution, the District can levy taxes and issue bonds independently of the Town. Property owners in the designated areas are assessed for District taxes to pay the debt service over the life of the bonds. The Town Council serves as the Board of Directors. However, the Town has no liability for the District's debt. For financial reporting purposes, transactions of the District are combined together and included as if they were part of the Town's operations and the assets financed through the District are combined with the infrastructure of the Town. Because the capital assets are recorded in the Town's basic financial statements, the Statement of Net Position for the District reflects a large liability without an offsetting asset.

The following table presents a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

Net Position

June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Governmer 2023	ntal Activities
Assets		
Current Assets	\$ 1,037,145	\$ 942,049
Noncurrent Assets	722,798	631,481
Total Assets	1,759,943	1,573,530
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred charge on refunding	266,840	280,884
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	266,840	280,884
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	610,203	606,759
Noncurrent Liabilities	10,467,234	10,946,036
Total Liabilities	11,077,437	11,552,795
Net Position		
Restricted	-	(10,630,763)
Unrestricted	(9,050,654)	932,382
Total Net Position	\$ (9,050,654)	\$ (9,698,381)

During the fiscal year, the District's total net position increased by \$647,727.

Changes in Net Position

Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Governmental Activities 2023 2022				
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 967,620	\$ 911,528			
Interest	755	3			
Total Revenues	968,375	911,531			
Expenses					
General Government	1,250	1,356			
Debt Service	319,398	331,047			
Total Expenses	320,648	332,403			
Change in Net Position	647,727	579,128			
Net Position, Beginning of Year	(9,698,381)	(10,277,509)			
Net Position, End of Year	\$ (9,050,654)	\$ (9,698,381)			

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of resources that are available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the District's ability to pay the debt service on the general obligation bonds it issues to fund construction or acquisition of public infrastructure.

As of the end of fiscal year 2022/23, the District's governmental funds reported revenues in excess of expenditures by \$186,519 and an ending fund balance of \$1,759,943. Of the total ending fund balance, \$1,034,805 is in the General Fund and \$725,138 is in the Debt Service Fund.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The District was formed to finance and acquire or construct amenities that are subsequently dedicated to the Town for operation. The District does not own or operate infrastructure. Since formation, District bonds have been issued, and the proceeds used to acquire or construct public amenities including roadways, sidewalks, a park, and sewer infrastructure.

The District has issued \$13,985,000 of the \$69,000,000 authorized bonds.

The District general obligation bonds have a 25-year term. In the event that the District board decides at a future time to dissolve the District, State statute provides that all taxable property in the District will remain subject to the lien for the payment of the bonds until all bonds have been defeased.

The District is not engaged in any significant activities other than providing for the levy of secondary property taxes to pay debt service and administrative fees.

Outstanding Debt

June 30, 2023 and 2022

		Governmental Activities				
	2023 2022					
General Obligation Bonds	\$	10,170,000	\$	10,600,000		

The District's total long-term debt decreased by \$430,000 during the current fiscal year due to the payment of principal on the general obligation bonds.

NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The fiscal year 2023/24 District budget includes a \$2.80 tax rate per \$100 of assessed value. There is no increase from the rate used in the fiscal year 2022/23 budget. The levy comprises \$0.30 for operations and maintenance and \$2.50 for debt service. The secondary levy for debt service is on target at \$2.50 as ARS § 35-458 requires that the annual levy shall not exceed the net amount necessary to meet annual payments of principal and interest, projected payments of principal and interest on new debt planned for the ensuring year, a reasonable delinquency applicable, and any expenses and fees required in conjunction with the authorization pursuant to ARS § 35-512. The levy shall be the net of all cash in excess of ten percent of the annual payments of principal and interest in the current fiscal year from the previous year remaining in the fund or funds prescribed by subsection B of this section.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the resources it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Marana Town Finance Office at 11555 West Civic Center Drive, Marana, Arizona 85653, or visit www.MaranaAZ.gov.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GLADDEN FARMS COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,034,524		\$ 1,034,524	\$-	\$ 1,034,524
Property taxes receivable	281	2,340	2,621	-	2,621
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted cash and investments		722,798	722,798		722,798
Total assets	1,034,805	725,138	1,759,943	-	1,759,943
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred charge on refunding	-	-	-	266,840	266,840
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	-	-	266,840	266,840
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accrued interest payable General obligation bonds -Due within one year Noncurrent liabilities: General obligation bonds -Due after one year Bond premium Total liabilities	- - - 	- - - -	- - - -	170,203 440,000 9,730,000 737,234 11,077,437	170,203 440,000 9,730,000 737,234 11,077,437
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)					
Restricted	-	725,138	725,138	(725,138)	-
Unassigned	1,034,805		1,034,805	(1,034,805)	-
Total fund balances (deficits)	1,034,805	725,138	1,759,943	(1,759,943)	-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 1,034,805	\$ 725,138	\$ 1,759,943		
Net Position Unrestricted				(9,050,654)	(9,050,654)
Total Net Position				\$ (9,050,654)	\$ (9,050,654)

GLADDEN FARMS COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

-	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
Revenues: Property tax Investment income	\$ 103,673	\$	\$	\$ - -	\$
Total revenues	103,673	864,702	968,375	-	968,375
Expenditures: Current -					
General government Debt service	1,250	-	1,250	-	1,250
Principal Retirement	-	430,000	430,000	(430,000)	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	350,606	350,606	(31,208)	319,398
Total expenditures	1,250	780,606	781,856	(461,208)	320,648
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	102,423	84,096	186,519	(186,519)	
Change in fund balances	102,423	84,096	186,519	(186,519)	-
Change in net position	-	-	-	647,727	647,727
Fund balances/Net position, beginning of year	932,382	641,042	1,573,424	(11,271,805)	(9,698,381)
Fund balances/Net position, end of year	\$ 1,034,805	\$ 725,138	\$ 1,759,943	\$ (10,810,597)	\$ (9,050,654)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Gladden Farms Community Facilities District (District), a component unit of the Town of Marana, Arizona (Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing government accounting and financial reporting principles. A summary of the more significant accounting policies of the District follows.

A. Reporting Entity

The Gladden Farms Community Facilities District (District) was formed by petition to the Town of Marana Town Council in February 2004. The District's purpose is to acquire and improve public infrastructure in specified land areas. As a special purpose district and separate political subdivision under the Arizona Constitution, the District can levy taxes and issue bonds independently of the Town. Property owners in the designated areas are assessed for District taxes and thus for the costs of operating the District. The Town Council serves as the Board of Directors; however, the Town has no liability for the District's debt. For financial reporting purposes, transactions of the Gladden Farms Community Facilities District are included as if the District were part of the Town's operations.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) present financial information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and miscellaneous revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District had no business-type activities during the fiscal year.

Financial statements are provided for major governmental funds, with an adjustments column to arrive at government-wide financial statement amounts.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting, except expenditures related to claims and judgments, which are recorded on when payment is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* accounts for resources accumulated and used for the payment of operating expenses for the District, which may include insurance, legal fees and administration costs.

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for resources accumulated and used for the payment of governmental long-term debt including principal, interest and related costs.

D. Property Tax Calendar

Property taxes are levied by the District and collected by the Pima County Treasurer. All property taxes are levied no later than the third Monday in August and are payable in two installments due October 1 of the current year and March 1 of the subsequent year. Taxes become delinquent after the first business day of November and May, respectively. Interest attaches on installments after the delinquent date. Pursuant to ARS, a lien against assessed real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy; however according to case law, an enforceable legal claim to the asset does not arise.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Investments

Arizona Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest public monies in the State or County Treasurers' investment pools, interest bearing savings accounts, certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; bonds or other obligations of the United States government that are guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States government; or bonds of the State of Arizona counties, cities, towns, school districts or special districts as specified by statute. As required by statute, collateral is required for demand deposits, certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements at 102 percent of all deposits not covered by federal depository insurance.

Cash and investments in the Debt Service Fund at June 30, 2023 is restricted as to usage.

2. Restricted Assets

The trust indentures executed for the entire bond series issued require all cash and investments for each bond series to be held on deposit by the trustee/fiscal agents. These assets are restricted for payment of interest and trustee fees associated with the bond issues, retirement of principal balances, and to finance various capital projects.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets acquired or construction of infrastructure assets by the District are dedicated to the Town of Marana, Arizona to maintain and operate. As a result, the District owns no capital assets.

4. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the financial statements report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has only one type of item, which arises only under the government-wide basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred charge on refunding, is reported only in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has no items that qualify as deferred inflows of resources.

6. Net Position/Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amount in those funds can be spent. Nonspendable portions of fund balance consists of funds that are not in spendable form, such as inventories and prepaids, or can be legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted funds are constrained by outside parties (statute, grantors, bond agreements, etc.). Committed fund balances are established and modified by a resolution approved by the Board of Directors. Unassigned fund balances are considered the remaining amounts. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned and unassigned amounts are available, it is the District's policy to use policy to use committed first, then assigned, and finally unassigned amounts.

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is reported as unrestricted.

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Amounts reported in the statement of net position are different because:

Total Fund Balance		\$ 1,759,943
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
General obligation bonds payable Accrued interest payable	(10,170,000) (170,203)	(10,340,203)
Issuance premium is long term in nature and amortized over the life of the bond; therefore, is not reported in the funds.		(737,234)
Loss on refunding is long term in nature and amortized over the life of the bond; therefore, is not reported in the funds.		266,840
Total Net Position	-	\$(9,050,654)
B. Amounts reported in the statement of activities are	different beca	nuse:
Net change in Fund Balance		\$ 186,519
The repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds; however, it has no effect on net position.		430,000
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities.		100,000
Accrued Interest	6,450	
Premium on bonds Deferred loss on refunding	38,802 (14,044)	31,208
-		51,200
Change in Net Position	-	\$647,727

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The District adopts an annual operating budget for revenues and expenditures for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund on essentially the same modified accrual basis of accounting used to record actual expenditures. Budgetary control over expenditures is exercised at the fund level.

B. Deficit Net Position

As described in Note 1, the District was formed to finance and acquire or construct infrastructure assets that are subsequently dedicated to the Town for operation. The District does not own or operate infrastructure. Therefore, the Statement of Net Position reflects a large liability without an offsetting asset.

NOTE 4 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

1. Deposits

Deposits – At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits and bank balance were \$1,757,322.

Custodial Credit Risk

The District does not have a formal policy with respect to custodial credit risk.

2. Restricted Assets

Restricted cash at June 30, 2023, as follows:

Restricted for: Debt Service Fund \$

\$ 722,798

B. Long-Term Liabilities

1. General Obligation Bonds

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds to acquire and improve public infrastructure in specified areas. General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities only. The bonds are generally callable with interest payable semiannually.

The CFD general obligation bonds outstanding as reported in governmental activities as of June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Outstanding June 30,2023
\$7,955,000 CFD General Obligation Bonds, 2016 Series, due in annual installments of \$20,000 to \$640,000; through July 15, 2041; at a 3.0% to 4.0% interest rate.	\$ 6,015,000
\$4,155,000 CFD General Obligation Bonds, 2020 Series, due in annual installments of \$100,000 to \$405,000; through July	
15, 2041; at a 2.375% to 3.0% interest rate.	\$ 4,155,000
Total	\$10,170,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on the CFD general obligation bonds at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

Year ending June 30	P	rincipal	I	nterest	Total
2024	\$	440,000	\$	333,806	\$ 773,806
2025		555,000		318,881	873,881
2026		570,000	299,656		869,656
2027	590,000		277,456		867,456
2028		610,000		254,456	864,456
2029 – 2033		3,460,000		893,931	4,353,931
2034 – 2038		2,280,000		334,513	2,614,513
2039 – 2042		1,665,000		81,761	 1,746,761
Totals	\$	10,170,000	\$	2,794,460	\$ 12,964,460

Changes in Long-term liabilities

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Addit	ions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds Issuance	\$10,600,000	\$	-	\$(430,000)	\$10,170,000	\$440,000
Premium	776,036		-	(38,802)	737,234	
Total	\$11,376,036	\$	-	\$ (468,802)	\$10,907,234	\$440,000

NOTE 5 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss. The District's insurance protection is provided by the Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool. The District carries commercial insurance for \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$2,000,000 aggregate covering general liability exposures. The District also carries public entity management liability insurance for \$1,000,000 each wrongful act and \$1,000,000 aggregate to cover damages resulting from the conduct of duties by or for a public entity or its boards. There have been no known losses in any of the past three fiscal years.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GLADDEN FARMS COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Variance -
	Original and		Positive
	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Property tax	\$ 103,895	\$ 103,673	\$ (222)
Total revenues	103,895	103,673	(222)
Expenditures:			
Capital outlay	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
Current -			
General government	28,500	1,250	27,250
Total expenditures	1,028,500 1,250		1,027,250
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
expenditures	(924,605)	102,423	1,027,028
Net change in fund balances	(924,605)	102,423	1,027,028
Fund balances (deficits), July 1, 2022		932,382	932,382
Fund balances (deficits), June 30, 2023	\$ (924,605)	\$ 1,034,805	\$ 1,959,410

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GLADDEN FARMS COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -DEBT SERVICE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Orig	inal Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	F	ariance - Positive legative)
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	865,790	\$ 865,790	\$ 863,947	\$	(1,843)
Investment income Total revenues		865,790	 865,790	 755 864,702		755 (1,088)
Total revenues		003,790	 803,790	 004,702		(1,000)
Expenditures:						
Debt service -						
Principal retirement		430,000	430,000	430,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		349,357	 350,607	350,606		1
Total expenditures		779,357	 780,607	 780,606		1
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		86,433	 85,183	 84,096		(1,087)
Net change in fund balances		86,433	85,183	84,096		(1,087)
Fund balances (deficits), July 1, 2022			 	 641,042		641,042
Fund balances (deficits), June 30, 2023	\$	86,433	\$ 85,183	\$ 725,138	\$	639,955

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE INFORMATION

SEC Rule 15c2-12, as amended, requires the Town to provide Continuing Disclosure Annual Reports that include audited financial statements and other financial information for the benefit of owners and holders of bond obligations issued by the Town. The Continuing Disclosure Annual Report shall contain or incorporate by reference certain information as set forth in the Continuing Disclosure Agreements and Undertakings executed by the Town with the issuance of its municipal bond obligations.

Information in this section is provided solely pursuant to the requirements of SEC Rule 15c2-12 and Continuing Disclosure Agreements and Undertakings and include financial information that is not required for fair presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and is therefore unaudited and not covered by the auditor's opinion.

Annual continuing disclosure information is filed with the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB) for public access via their Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) system at <u>www.emma.msrb.org</u>.

PROPERTY VALUATIONS WITHIN THE DISTRICT

Fiscal Year	Estimated Net Full Cash Value (a)	NET ASSESSED LIMITED PROP VALUE
2023-24	487,933,033	36,409,043
2022-23	406,907,265	34,631,597
2021-22	396,581,549	32,707,177
2020-21	368,411,914	30,068,049
2019-20	313,527,563	26,328,259
2018-19	265,685,754	22,384,644
2017-18	239,993,211	19,637,370
2016-17	219,491,902	18,090,779
2015-16	202,597,990	17,050,662

PROPERTY VALUATIONS WITHIN THE DISTRICT

Source*: Abstract by Tax Authority*, Pima County Assessor's Office (a) Full Cash Value net of estimated value of property exempt from taxation

CHANGES IN NET ASSESSED LIMITED PROPERTY VALUES

Fiscal Year	The District	Percent Increase (Decrease)	Pima County	Percent Increase (Decrease)	State of Arizona	Percent Increase (Decrease)
2023-24	36,409,043	5.13%	10,646,893,610	5.08%	83,026,530,244	5.89%
2022-23	34,631,597	5.88%	10,132,624,448	4.50%	78,405,598,978	5.67%
2021-22	32,707,177	8.78%	9,696,150,354	8.38%	74,200,233,397	6.13%
2020-21	30,068,049	14.20%	8,946,163,624	2.48%	69,914,521,042	5.68%
2019-20	26,328,259	17.62%	8,729,964,922	4.75%	66,154,632,834	6.14%
2018-19	22,384,644	13.99%	8,333,898,309	3.21%	62,328,357,186	4.92%
2017-18	19,637,370	8.55%	8,074,892,912	3.30%	59,404,007,785	5.00%

Source: *Property Tax Rates and Assessed Values*, Arizona Tax Research Association and *Abstract and Assessment Roll* State of Arizona Department of Revenue

DISTRICT'S NET ASSESSED LIMITED PROPERTY VALUES BY PROPERTY CLASSIFICATION

Legal Class	5		2022-23 Net Assessed Limited operty Value	2022-23 Percent of Total	2023-24 Net Assessed Limited Property Value		2023-24 Percent of Total
1	Commercial, Industrial, Utilities & Mines	\$	603,564	1.74%	\$	695,342	1.91%
2	Agricultural & Vacant		461,170	1.33%		484,209	1.33%
3	Residential (Owner Occupied)		26,222,508	75.72%		27,523,927	75.60%
4	Residential (Rental/Bank Owned)		7,344,355	21.21%		7,705,565	21.16%
	Tota	al \$	34,631,597	100.00%	\$	36,409,043	100.00%

Source: Abstract of Billing Values by Legislative Class of Property, Office of the Treasurer of Pima County

ASSESSED VALUES OF MAJOR TAXPAYERS Fiscal Year 2023-24 Major Taxpayers

Taxpayer (a)	2023-24 Net Assessed Limited Property Value	As Percent of District's 2023-24 Net Assessed Limited Property Value
Circle K Stores Inc	320,638	0.88%
Unisource Energy Corporation	301,567	0.83%
FKH SFR PROPCO	233,268	0.64%
AMH 2014-1 Borrower LLC	220,204	0.60%
HOH Land Holdings LLC	176,860	0.49%
Smiths Food & Drug Centers Inc	134,016	0.37%
Barclay Holdings CXXII LLC	124,852	0.34%
Barnhart Brendon Blake & Lucrecia	84,899	0.23%
{rogress Residential Borrower 2 LLC	71,463	0.20%
R & M Levi Family TR	54,290	0.15%
Total	\$ 1,722,057	4.72%

Fiscal Year 2022-23 Major Taxpayers

2022-23 Net Assessed Limited Property Value		As Percent of District's 2022-23 Net Assessed Limited Property Value	
\$	294,345	0.85%	
	290,414	0.84%	
	175,442	0.51%	
	168,437	0.49%	
	138,571	0.40%	
	127,634	0.37%	
	118,905	0.34%	
	117,987	0.34%	
	94,465	0.27%	
	89,876	0.26%	
\$	1,616,076	4.66%	
	Pro \$	Assessed Limited Property Value \$ 294,345 290,414 175,442 168,437 138,571 127,634 118,905 117,987 94,465 89,876	

Source: Pima County Assessor's Office

(a) Some of the major taxpayers are subject to the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and in accordance therewith file (the "Filings") with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"). The Filings may be inspected and copied at the public reference facilities maintained by the Commission at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Copies of the Filings can be obtained from the public reference section of the Commission at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549 at prescribed rates. In addition, the Filings may also be inspected at the offices of the New York Stock Exchange at 11 Wall Street, New York, NY 10005. The Filings may also be obtained through the Internet o the Commission's EDGAR database at <u>www.sec.gov</u>. None of the District, Bond Counsel, the Financial Advisor, the Owner, the Underwriter or counsel to any of the foregoing has examined the information set forth in the Filings for accuracy or completeness, nor have they assumed responsibility for the same.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT OF THE DISTRICT

			Proportior	_	
Overlapping Jurisdiction	2023-24 Net Assessed Limited Property Value	General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding (a)	Percent	Net Debt Amount	2023-24 Combined Tax Rate per \$100 Assessed Value (b)
State of Arizona	83,026,530,244	None	0.044%	None	\$ -
Pima County (c)	10,646,893,610	93,746,000	0.342%	320,582	4.9571
Pima County Community College District	10,646,893,610	None	0.342%	None	1.2802
Pima County Flood Control District (e)	9,624,839,028	None	0.378%	None	0.3253
Joint Technologic at Education District	10,101,200,995	None	0.360%	None	0.0500
Northwest Fire District	1,529,397,141	29,750,819	2.381%	708,252	3.1642
Marana Unified School District No. 6	1,178,849,506	137,850,000	3.089%	4,257,530	5.6906
Town of Marana (f)	776,667,792	None	4.688%	None	0.0000
Gladden Farms Community Facilities District	36,409,043	10,170,000	100.000%	10,170,000	2.8000
Total Net Direct and C	\$ 15,456,364	\$ 18.2674			

Source: Individual jurisdictions as to debt and County Assessor of Pima County as to secondary assessed valuations and tax rates

(a) Includes total general obligation bonds outstanding. Does not include presently authorized but unissued general obligation bonds of such jurisdictions which may be issued in the future.
(b) The combined tax rate includes the tax rate for debt service payments, which is based on the secondary assessed valuation of each entity and the tax rate for all other purposes such as maintenance and operation and capital outlay which generally is based on the primary assessed valuation of jurisdictions other than special districts and on the secondary assessed valuation of special district such as the District.

(c) Does not include sewer revenue obligation outstanding in the principal amount of \$399,565,000. Does not include certificates of participation outstanding in the principal amount of \$187,040,000. Does not include street and highway user revenue bonds outstanding in the aggregate principal amount of \$70,200,000. Does not include pledged revenue obligation outstanding in the principal amount of \$296,000,000.

(d) The County's tax rate includes the \$4.2302 county tax rate, the \$0.14 tax rate of the Central Arizona Project, the \$0.5493 tax rate of the Library District, and the \$0.0376 tax rate for the County's contribution to the Fire Districts.

(e) The assessed valuation of the Flood Control District does not include the personal property assessed valuation of the County. All levies for library districts, fire districts, hospital districts, technology districts, community facilities districts and flood control districts are levied on the secondary assessed valuation, as shown here.

(f) Does not include the outstanding excise tax revenue bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$56,681,000.